

NHA Certified EKG Technician (CET) Test Plan for the CET Exam

100 scored items Exam Time: 2 hours

*Based on the results of a job analysis completed in 2017

This document provides both a summary and detailed outline of the topics and associated weighting that may be covered on the CET Certification Examination. The **summary examination outline** contains domains that are covered on the examination and the number of test items per domain

The detailed outline adds to the summary outline by including tasks and knowledge statements associated with each task. **Task** statements reflect the duties that a candidate will need to know how to properly perform. **Knowledge** statements reflect information that a candidate will need to know and are in support of task statements. Items on the examination might require recall and critical thinking pertaining to a knowledge statement, a task statement, or both.

	# of Items	
Domain	on	
	Examination	
1. Safety, Compliance, and Coordinated Patient Care	32	
2. EKG Acquisition	44	
3. EKG Analysis and Interpretation	24	
Total	<u>100</u>	

Summary CET Examination Outline:



Detailed CET Examination Outline:

Domo	in 1. Safaty, Compliance, and Coardinated Dationt Care	<u>32</u>		
Doma	in 1: Salety, Compliance, and Coordinated Patient Care	<u>Items</u>		
Α.	Adhere to HIPAA regulations.			
	Supporting Knowledge			
	1. HIPAA regulations			
В.	Adhere to infection control practices (e.g., OSHA, universal precautions).			
	Supporting Knowledge			
	1. Guidelines regarding infection control (e.g., OSHA, universal			
	precautions)			
C.	Adhere to scope of practice and comply with ethical standards.			
	Supporting Knowledge			
	1. Scope of practice of the EKG technician			
	2. Ethical standards related to the practice of EKG technicians (e.g., NHA			
	Code of Ethics)			
D.	Communicate appropriately with patients and members of the multidisciplinary			
	health care team.			
	Supporting Knowledge			
	1. Communication methods and techniques			
	2. Factors that affect communication with patients (e.g., culture, language,			
	religion, developmental level, gender, disability)			
	3. Roles and responsibilities of members of the interdisciplinary health care			
	team			
Ε.	Obtain and interpret patient vital signs.			
	Supporting Knowledge			
	1. Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain,			
	abnormal			
	vitals)			
	2. Methods for obtaining vital signs			
	3. Normal vital signs across the lifespan			
F.	Instruct patients about preparation for and expectations during stress testing.			
	Supporting Knowledge			
	1. Patient preparation for stress testing			
	2. Types of stress tests			
G.	Instruct patients on use of ambulatory monitoring (e.g., Holter, event), and verify			
	their understanding.			
	Supporting Knowledge			
	 Instructions for patient use of ambulatory monitors 			
	2. Types of ambulatory monitors			
Н.	Utilize electronic medical records/electronic health records (EMR/EHR) to input			
	patient information (e.g., patient history, medications, vitals, completed EKG).			
	Supporting Knowledge			



	1.	Basic elements and processes related to electronic medical records/electronic health records (EMR/EHR) (e.g., fields, transmit or upload results)	
I. Recognize signs and symptoms of cardiopulmonary compromise.			
	Supporting Knowledge		
	1.	Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain, abnormal vitals)	
	2.	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation and basic life support	
	3.	Normal vital signs across the lifespan	
	4.	Signs or symptoms of cardiopulmonary compromise	

Domain 2: FKG Acquisition		<u>44</u>	
Donne			Items
Α.	. Maintain EKG equipment (e.g., load paper, replace clips, disinfect machines and		
	leads).		
	Supporting Knowledge		
		1. EKG equipment maintenance and cleaning requirements (e.g., paper	
		loading, clip replacement, machine and lead disinfection)	
		2. Supplies needed to perform or assist in cardiac tests	
		3. Equipment needed to perform or assist in cardiac tests	
В.	Verify	EKG machine settings (speed, gain).	
	S	upporting Knowledge	
		1. Machine settings for acquiring tracing (e.g., speed, gain)	
C.	C. Prepare skin for electrode placement.		
	Supporting Knowledge		
		1. Supplies needed to perform or assist in cardiac tests	
	2. Methods to prepare the skin for application of EKG electrodes		
D.	D. Position patient for cardiac testing (e.g., 3-, 5-, 12-lead, stress test, telemetry).		
	Supporting Knowledge		
		1. Positioning considerations for special patient populations (e.g.,	
		amputees, respiratory issues, late-term pregnancy)	
		2. Positioning protocols for specific cardiac tests	
Ε.	Apply	electrodes and attach leads for:	
	1.	Standard 12-lead EKG	
	2.	Ambulatory (e.g., Holter, event) monitoring	
	3.	Stress testing	
	4.	Telemetry	
	5.	Patients who have special considerations (e.g., right-sided heart,	
	posterior chest, amputations, pediatric)		
	Supporting Knowledge		
		1. Basic anatomy and physiology of the heart	
		2. Location of electrode application for various cardiac tests	
		3. Lead placement and troubleshooting	



4.	Types of EKG acquisition (e.g., 3-, 5-, 12-lead, stress test, telemetry)		
5.	Types of cardiac monitoring (e.g., ambulatory, stationary)		
rify that a	all leads were recorded.		
Supporting Knowledge			
1.	Lead placement and troubleshooting		
2.	Elements of complete EKG tracing		
entify and	I resolve artifacts from the tracing (e.g., wandering baseline,		
natic, ele	ectrical).		
Suppo	orting Knowledge		
1	. Causes and types of artifacts (e.g., wandering baseline, somatic		
tremor, AC interference)			
2	. Methods to resolve artifacts		
H. Mount a completed EKG tracing strip for patient's chart.			
Supporting Knowledge			
1.	Mounting EKG rhythm strips		
sist in mo	nitoring patient condition during stress testing.		
Suppor	ting Knowledge		
1.	Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain,		
	abnormal vitals)		
2.	Signs of adverse reaction during stress testing (e.g., shortness of		
	breath, chest pain, abnormal vitals)		
ovide sup	port in responding to complications during stress testing.		
Suppor	ting Knowledge		
1.	Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain,		
	abnormal vitals)		
2.	Cardiopulmonary resuscitation and basic life support		
3.	Signs of adverse reaction during stress testing (e.g., shortness of		
	breath, chest pain, abnormal vitals)		
	4. 5. rify that a Suppo. 1. 2. ntify and natic, ele Suppor 1. sist in mo Suppor 1. sist in mo Suppor 1. 2. ovide sup Suppor 1. 2. 3.	 4. Types of EKG acquisition (e.g., 3-, 5-, 12-lead, stress test, telemetry) 5. Types of cardiac monitoring (e.g., ambulatory, stationary) rify that all leads were recorded. Supporting Knowledge Lead placement and troubleshooting Elements of complete EKG tracing matic, electrical). Supporting Knowledge Causes and types of artifacts (e.g., wandering baseline, somatic tremor, AC interference) Methods to resolve artifacts Supporting Knowledge Mounting EKG rhythm strips Supporting Knowledge Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain, abnormal vitals) Signs of adverse reaction during stress testing. Supporting Knowledge Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain, abnormal vitals) Cardiopulmonary resuscitation and basic life support Signs of adverse reaction during stress testing. 	

Domain 3: EKG Analysis and Interpretation		
Domain 5. EKG Analysis and interpretation	<u>Items</u>	
A. Calculate patient's heart rate from the EKG tracing.		
Supporting Knowledge		
1. Formulas to determine maximum and target heart rates		
 Methods to calculate heart rate (e.g., 6-second method, R-R interval, sequencing) 		
3. Units of measurement of graph paper		
B. Determine the regularity of the patient's heart rhythm from the EKG tracing.		



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Suppo	rting Knowledge	
1	. Regular and irregular heart rhythms	
2	. Units of measurement of graph paper	
. Measure EKG intervals and waveforms (e.g., PR interval [PRI], QRS duration, QT		
interval).		
Suppo	orting Knowledge	
1	. Basic anatomy and physiology of the heart	
2		
3	3. Techniques for measuring waveforms	
4	I. Units of measurement of graph paper	
D. Inspect the	waveform characteristics (P waves, QRS complexes, ST segments, T	
waves) for s	symmetry, direction, and amplitude.	
Supp		
	1. Normal and abnormal waveform duration and intervals	
	2. Normal and abnormal waveform characteristics	
	3. Electrolyte abnormalities	
E. Identify arr	hythmias (sinus, atrial, ventricular, junctional, heart blocks) from the	
EKG tracing	•	
Suppo	Drting Knowledge	
	 Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain 	
	abnormal vitals)	
	3. Types of arrhythmias (sinus, atrial, ventricular, junctional, heart	
	blocks)	
Recognize p	pacemaker spikes on an EKG tracing.	
Suppo	orting Knowledge	
	1. Spikes caused by pacemakers	
	active injumy and information on the EKC tracing	
	rtina Knowledae	
Suppo	1. Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain.	
	abnormal vitals)	
	 Normal and abnormal waveform characteristics 	
	3. Variances in waveforms related to ischemia, injury, and infarction	
H Take appro	nriste action when life-threatening arrhythmias are identified	+
Suppo	rting Knowledge	
1	. Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain,	
	abnormal vitals)	
2	2. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation and basic life support	
3	8. Life-threatening arrhythmias (e.g., ventricular fibrillation, ventricular	
	tachycardia)	



CORE KNOWLEDGE

The following statements do not represent standalone domains on the CET examination. Rather, these statements reflect fundamental knowledge for an EKG technician, which could be used in the context of an assessment item and are being provided for preparation and review purposes.

- 1. Basic anatomy and physiology of the heart
- 2. Emergencies related to cardiac testing (e.g., syncope, chest pain, abnormal vitals)
- 3. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation and basic life support